Individual Retirement Account (IRA) Distribution Request Form

This form is not intended for required minimum distributions, trustee to trustee transfers, recharacterizations or conversion requests. For trustee to trustee transfers, please complete the appropriate receiving custodian's trustee to trustee transfer form. This form is not intended to facilitate a beneficiary/inherited IRA transfer due to death. For revocations, refer to the Traditional and Roth Individual Retirement Account (IRA) Combined Disclosure Statement for instructions and information regarding your revocation rights. All required documentation must be received in good order before the distribution request can be honored. All legal documents must be certified and a Medallion Signature Guarantee may be required. Please see the Participant Authorization Section for an explanation of the Medallion Signature Guarantee.

All sections of the form must be completed in order for us to execute your request. We strongly suggest you contact your tax advisor prior to submitting this form. For assistance or questions, please contact *Shareholder Services* at (866) 202-2263.

. Participant Information	Please Print:					
mormation	Name (First, Middle, Last)	Social	Security#	Date of Birth (mm/dd/yyyy)		
	Mailing Address	City/State or Province	Zip or Postal C	Code Country		
	Contact Phone Number Account #					
	Complete the following if you are a beneficiary requesting a full liquidation of the inherited proceeds.					
	Beneficiary Name (First, Middle, Last)	Contact	Contact Phone Number			
	Mailing Address	City/State or Province	Zip or Postal C	ode Country		
	Social Security #	Date of Birth (mm/dd/yyyy)				
I. Type of Account	Traditional/Rollover IRA	SEP IRA Roth IRA (Proce	eed to Section III - B	or C)		
II. Reason for Distribution	A. From a Traditional, Rollover, or SEP IRA					
Distribution	The distribution is being made for the following reason (check one):					
	1. Normal distribution - You are a	ge 59½ or older				
	2. Early (premature) distribution - You are under age 59½ - including distributions due to medical expenses, health insurance premiums, higher education expenses, first time homebuyer expenses, or other reasons.					
	3. Substantially equal periodic payments within the meaning of section 72(t) of the Internal Revenue Code. Complete Section V - B and review B part II					
	4. Death/Beneficiary liquidation/, contact Sharehold	The Date of Death of the Own <i>ler Services</i> regarding additiona		-		
	5. Permanent disability - You certify that you are disabled with the meaning of section 72(m)(7) of the Internal Revenue Code.*					
	6. Transfer incident due to divo document requirements.	rce or legal separation - Cor	ntact Shareholder S e	ervices regarding additional		
	7. Removal of excess - You must c	omplete Section IV (Excess Co	ntribution Election)	in its entirety.		
	8. Direct rollover to a Qualified Plan, 401(k), TSP or 403(b) - You are certifying that the receiving custodian will accept the IRA assets issued.					
	9. Qualified Reservist Distribution					
	10. Qualified Hurricane Distribution					
	$\ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ $					
	* For purposes of section 72(m)(7), an indigainful activity by reason of any medically					

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to be of long-continued and indefinite duration.

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	B. Qualified Distribution from a Roth IRA- This Roth IRA distribution satisfies the 3-year notding period requirement:			
	Yes (if "No" proceed to Section C)			
	The distribution is being made for the following reason (check one):			
	1. You are age 59½ or older			
	 2. Death/Beneficiary liquidation - The Date of Death of the Owner of the account MM/DD/YYY is required /, contact Shareholder Services regarding additional document requirements. 			
	3. Permanent disability - You certify that you are disabled within the meaning of section 72(m)(7) of the Internal Revenue Code*			
	Note: Distributions not meeting the 5-year required period and for all other reasons not listed above are considered non-qualified.			
	C. Non-Qualified Distribution from a Roth IRA- The distribution is being made for the following reason (check one):			
	☐ 1. Normal distribution - You are age 59½ or older			
	2. Early (premature) distribution - You are under age 59½ - including distributions due to medical expenses, health insurance premiums, higher education expenses, first time homebuyer expenses, or other reasons			
	3. Substantially equal periodic payments within the meaning of section 72(t) of the Internal Revenue Code. Complete Section V - B and review B part II			
	4. Death/Beneficiary liquidation - The Date of Death of the Owner of the account MM/DD/YYYY is required /, contact <i>Shareholder Services</i> regarding additional document requirements.			
	5. Permanent disability - You certify that you are disabled with the meaning of section 72(m)(7) of the Internal Revenue Code.*			
	 6. Transfer incident due to divorce or legal separation - Contact Shareholder Services regarding additional document requirements. 			
	7. Removal of excess - You must complete Section IV (Excess Contribution Election) in its entirety.			
	8. Qualified Reservist Distribution			
	9. Qualified Hurricane Distribution			
	10. Qualified Birth of Adoption Distribution as defined in section 72(t)(2) of the Internal Revenue Code * For purposes of section 72(m)(7), an individual shall be considered to be disabled if he/she is unable to engage in any substantial gainful activity by reason of any medically determinable physical or mental impairment which can be expected to result in death or to be of long-continued and indefinite duration.			
IV. Excess Contribution	Amount of excess: \$Tax year for which excess contribution was made:			
Election	Date deposited:			
Licetion	Earnings will be removed with the excess contribution if corrected before your federal income tax-filing deadline (including extensions), pursuant to Internal Revenue Code Section 408(d)(4) and Internal Revenue Service ("IRS") Publication 590. You may be subject to an IRS penalty of 6% for each year the excess remains in the account. In addition, the IRS may impose a 10% early distribution penalty on the earnings, if you are under age 59½. You will receive IRS Form 1099-R for the year in which the excess distribution takes place (not for the year in which the excess contribution was made). Consult IRS Publication 590 for more information pertaining to excess contributions. If you are subject to a federal penalty tax due to an excess contribution, you must file IRS Form 5329.			
	For the purpose of the excess contribution, we will calculate the net income attributable ("NIA") to the contribution using the method provided in the IRS Final Regulations for Earnings Calculation for Returned or Recharacterized Contributions. This method calculates the NIA based on the actual earnings and losses of the IRA during the time it held the excess contribution. Please note that a negative NIA is permitted and, if applicable, will be deducted from the amount of the excess contribution.			
	A. The excess is being corrected <u>before</u> your federal income tax-filing deadline (including extensions):			
	Remove excess plus/minus net income attributable. Distribute according to my instructions in Section VI (Mailing Instructions).			
	Remove excess plus/minus net income attributable. Re-deposit as a current year contribution (not to exceed annual IRA contribution limit).			

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	B. The excess is being corrected <u>after</u> your federal income tax-filing deadline (<i>including extensions</i>). Earnings on the excess contribution will remain in the account.			
	Remove excess and distribute according	g to my instructions in Section	VI of this application.	
	Remove excess and re-deposit as a curr	ent year contribution (not to e	xceed annual IRA contribu	tion limit).
	C. Redesignating an excess contribution to situation and to determine your best coural later year, DO NOT RETURN THIS FOR	irse of action. If you should dec		
. Distribution	Complete sections A and B:			
Amount	A. One Time Redemption (Choose one):			
	1. Liquidate Entire Account; or			
	2. Partial Distribution of \$	1		
	<u>OR</u>			
	B. Systematic Distribution: Amount of each	distribution \$	1	
	Beginning Date MM/DD/YYYY//_ If no beginning date is selected distributions will be s 20 th , if this form is received after the beginning d first distribution will occur immediately upon rec payments scheduled on the date selected.	scheduled for the		your SWP will be arterly nually
	B Part II - Substantially Equal Periodic Payr If you are requesting BNYM I S Trust recalculate the distribution" in B. Systematic Distributions blank a	he amount of your SEPP annually ι	using an RMD method leave	•
	Calculate under the RMD method using	☐ Uniform Lifetime To		ife Table
	*Beneficiary's Name (First,Middle,Last)		of Birth (mm/dd/yyyy)	-
	I acknowledge I have consulted with a qua Individual Retirement Arrangements (IRAs), distribute and for monitoring if a modificatio nor the plan sponsor will monitor the SEPP. Form 1099-R as exempt from the early distri my income tax return to the IRS to claim a pe	. I understand I am solely res on of the SEPP under Section 7 I understand the custodian do bution penalty and that I am e	ponsible for determining 72(t) has occurred. Neith oes not report SEPP dist xpected to file IRS Form	g the amount to er the custodian ributions on IRS
	¹ Distributions will be taken proportionately acros	s all Funds unless specific Funds a	and amounts are indicated b	elow:
	☐ The Fairholme Fund	Amount: \$	or Percentage:	%
	The Fairholme Focused Income Fund	Amount: \$	or Percentage:	%
	То	tal Amount: \$	Tot	al:100%

RESTRICTION ON INDIRECT (60-DAY) ROLLOVERS: An IRA participant is allowed only one rollover from one IRA to another (or the same IRA) across all IRAs (Traditional, Rollover, Roth, SEP, SARSEP, and SIMPLE) in aggregate that a taxpayer owns in any 12-months or 365-day period. As an alternative, a participant can make an unlimited number of trustee-to-trustee transfers where the proceeds are delivered directly to the receiving financial institution, successor custodian, or trustee. You must contact the receiving institution to initiate a trustee-to-trustee transfer. For more information, see IRS Publication 590-A, Contributions to Individual Retirement Arrangements (IRAs) - "Application of one-rollover-per-year limitation."

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VI. Mailing Instructions

Mail to my address of record (If you elected a Direct Rollover to a qualified plan or 403(b) you must identify the receiving custodian below*) Transfer funds electronically to my bank/checking account Medallion Signature Guarantee and voided check required if the banking instructions are not on file				
Bank or Financial Institution				
ABA/Routing Number		Account #		
Mail check to: Check will be made payable to t	int owner and mailed to the	e following address		
Financial Institution C/O:	Ac	count#		
Oncy Complete This Options For AN Type of plan receiving IRA assets:	the receiving custodiar OU ELECTED A DIRECT ROLI	OVER TO A QUALIFIED PLAN ON THE PLAN ON TH		
*Receiving Custodian	Acco	ount#		
Street	City/State or Province	Zip or Postal Code		
Purchase into my existing Non	-Retirement Account			
Account #				
Invest proportionately acros		nvest in Fund Name		
Purchase into my new Non-Re		estment instructions		

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VII. Tax Withholding Election

Federal Withholding

Federal income tax will be withheld at the rate of 10% from any distribution, subject to the IRS withholding rules, unless you elect a withholding rate of 0% below or have previously elected out of withholding. Tax will be withheld on the gross amount of the payment even though you may be receiving amounts that are not subject to withholding because they are excluded from gross income. This withholding procedure may result in excess withholding on the payments. If you elect to have no federal taxes withheld from your distribution, or if you do not have enough federal income tax withheld from your distribution, you may be responsible for payment of estimated tax. You may incur penalties under the estimated tax rules if your withholding and estimated tax payments are not sufficient. You understand that your below election will remain in effect until such time as you make a different election in writing to the Custodian.

Please select one of the following:
l elect federal income tax withholding of 0%, do not withhold federa icome tax from my distributions.*
I elect federal income tax withholding of $__\%$ must be a whole percent, you may elect any rate from 1% to 100%
See the attached Form W-4R Withholding Certificate for Nonperiodic Payments, which has the Marginal Rate Tables and " Suggestion for determining withholding " instructions. You may use these tables and instructions to help you select the appropriate withholding rate.
*Generally, you can't elect less than 10% federal income tax withholding for payments to be delivered outside the United States and its possessions.
State Withholding
Your state of residence will determine your state income tax withholding requirements, if any. Those state with mandatory withholding will require state income tax to be withheld from payments if federal income taxes are withheld. Voluntary states let individuals determine whether they want state taxes withheld. Som states have no income tax on retirement payments. Please consult with a tax advisor or your state's ta authority for additional information on your state requirements. If you are completing this form, your below election will remain in effect until such time as you make a different election in writing to the Custodian.
I elect NOT to have state income tax withheld from my retirement account distributions (only for residents of states that do not require mandatory state tax withholding).
I elect TO have the following dollar amount or percentage from my retirement account distribution withheld for

VIII. Participant Authorization

I certify that I am the individual authorized to make these elections and that all information provided is true and accurate. I further certify that the Custodian, the Fairholme Funds, Inc., or any agent of either of them has given no tax or legal advice to me, and that all decisions regarding the elections made on this form are my own. The Custodian is hereby authorized and directed to distribute funds from my account in the manner requested. The Custodian may conclusively rely on this certification and authorization without further investigation or inquiry. I expressly assume responsibility for any adverse consequences which may arise from the election(s) and agree that the Custodian, Fairholme Funds, Inc., and their agents shall in no way be responsible, and shall be indemnified and held harmless, for any tax, legal, or other consequences of the election(s) made on this form.

Substitute W-9 - Under penalties of perjury, I certify that:

or_

- 1. The number shown on this form is my correct taxpayer identification number, and
- 2. I am not subject to backup withholding because:
 - a. I am exempt from backup withholding; or
 - b. I have not been notified by the Internal Revenue Service (IRS) that I am subject to backup withholding as a result of a failure to report all interest or dividends; or
 - c. The IRS has notified me that I am no longer subject to backup withholding; and
- 3. I am a U.S. citizen or other U.S. person (as defined in the Form W-9 instructions found at www.irs.gov).
- 4. The FATCA code(s) entered on this form (if any) indicating that I am exempt from FATCA reporting is correct.

Cross out item 2 above if the IRS has notified you that you are currently subject to backup withholding because you have failed to report all interest and dividends on your tax return.

The IRS does not require your consent to any provision of this document other than the certifications required to avoid backup withholding.

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Participant Authorization (Continued)

Participant's Signature*	Date
bank or trust company, securities broker/dealer, clearing agency or the Securities Transfer Agents Association. The three recognized n	your current custodian or transfer agent): An eligible guarantor is a domestic savings association that participates in a medallion program recognized by nedallion programs are the Securities Transfer Agents Medallion Program and the Medallion Signature Program (MSP). A notarization from a notary
Medallion Signature Guarantee**	

IX. Mailing Options

First Class Mail

Fairholme Funds, Inc. P.O. Box 534443 Pittsburgh, PA 15253-4443

Overnight/Express Mail

Fairholme Funds, Inc. Attention: 534443 500 Ross Street, 154-0520 Pittsbugh, PA 15262 (866) 202-2263

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^{*}Beneficiary's Signature for inheritance liquidations.

^{**}Signature guarantee required if distribution is over \$50,000, banking instructions have not been established, or if funds are being sent to a third party.

- 1) For nonperiodic payments, the default withholding rate is 10%. You can choose to have a different rate by entering a rate between 0% and 100% on line 2. Generally, you can't choose less than 10% for payments to be delivered outside the United States and its territories. See Instructions below for more information.
- 2) Complete this line if you would like a rate of withholding that is different from the default withholding rate. See Instructions and the Marginal Rate Tables below for additional information. Enter the rate as a whole number (no decimals) _______%

2023 Marginal Rate Tables

You may use these tables to help you select the appropriate withholding rate for this payment or distribution. Add your income from all sources and use the column that matches your filing status to find the corresponding rate of withholding. See below for more information on how to use this table.

Single or Married filing Separately		Married filing jointly or Qualifying surviving spouse		Head of household	
Total income over—	Tax rate for dollar more	Total income over—	Tax rate for dollar more	Total income over—	Tax rate for dollar more
\$0	0%	\$0	0%	\$0	0%
13,850	10%	27,700	10%	20,800	10%
24,850	12%	49,700	12%	36,500	12%
58,575	22%	117,150	22%	80,650	22%
109,225	24%	218,450	24%	116,150	24%
195,950	32%	391,900	32%	202,900	32%
245,100	35%	490,200	35%	252,050	35%
591,975*	37%	721,450	37%	598,900	37%
*If married filing separately, use \$360,725 instead for this 37% rate.					

General Instructions: Section references are to the Internal Revenue Code.

Future developments. For the latest information about any future developments related to Form W-4R, such as legislation enacted after it was published, go to www.irs.gov/FormW4R.

Purpose of form. Complete Form W-4R to have payers withhold the correct amount of federal income tax from your nonperiodic payment from an employer retirement plan, annuity (including a commercial annuity), or individual retirement arrangement (IRA). See below for the rules and options that are available for each type of payment.

Caution: If you have too little tax withheld, you will generally owe tax when you file your tax return and may owe a penalty unless you make timely payments of estimated tax. If too much tax is withheld, you will generally be due a refund when you file your tax return. Your withholding choice (or an election not to have withholding on a nonperiodic payment) will generally apply to any future payment from the same plan or IRA. Submit a new Form W-4R if you want to change your election.

Nonperiodic payments—10% withholding. Your payer must withhold at a default 10% rate from the taxable amount of nonperiodic payments unless you enter a different rate on line 2. Distributions from an IRA that are payable on demand are treated as nonperiodic payments. Note that the default rate of withholding may not be appropriate for your tax situation. You may choose to have no federal income tax withheld by entering "-0-" on line 2. See the specific instructions below for more information. Generally, you are not permitted to elect to have federal income tax withheld at a rate of less than 10% (including "-0-") on any payments to be delivered outside the United States and its territories.

Note: If you don't give Form W-4R to your payer, you don't provide an SSN, or the IRS notifies the payer that you gave an incorrect SSN, then the payer must withhold 10% of the payment for federal income tax and can't honor requests to have a lower (or no) amount withheld. Generally, for payments that began before 2023, your current withholding election (or your default rate) remains in effect unless you submit a Form W-4R.

Payments to nonresident aliens and foreign estates. Do not use Form W-4R. See Pub. 515, Withholding of Tax on Nonresident Aliens and Foreign Entities, and Pub. 519, U.S. Tax Guide for Aliens, for more information.

Tax relief for victims of terrorist attacks. If your disability payments for injuries incurred as a direct result of a terrorist attack are not taxable, enter "-0-" on line 2. See Pub. 3920, Tax Relief for Victims of Terrorist Attacks, for more details.

Specific Instructions

Line 2 - More withholding. If you want more than the default rate withheld from your payment, you may enter a higher rate on line 2.

Less withholding (nonperiodic payments only). If permitted, you may enter a lower rate on line 2 (including "-0-") if you want less than the 10% default rate withheld from your payment. If you have already paid, or plan to pay, your tax on this payment through other withholding or estimated tax payments, you may want to enter "-0-".

Suggestion for determining withholding. Consider using the Marginal Rate Tables above to help you select the appropriate withholding rate for this payment or distribution. The tables are most accurate if the appropriate amount of tax on all other sources of income, deductions, and credits has been paid through other withholding or estimated tax payments. If the appropriate amount of tax on those sources of income has not been paid through other withholding or estimated tax payments, you can pay that tax through withholding on this payment by entering a rate that is greater than the rate in the Marginal Rate Tables.

The marginal tax rate is the rate of tax on each additional dollar of income you receive above a particular amount of income. You can use the table for your filing status as a guide to find a rate of withholding for amounts above the total income level in the table.

To determine the appropriate rate of withholding from the table, do the following. Step 1: Find the rate that corresponds with your total income not including the payment. Step 2: Add your total income and the taxable amount of the payment and find the corresponding rate.

If these two rates are the same, enter that rate on line 2. (See Example 1 below.)

If the two rates differ, multiply (a) the amount in the lower rate bracket by the rate for that bracket, and (b) the amount in the higher rate bracket by the rate for that bracket. Add these two numbers; this is the expected tax for this payment. To get the rate to have withheld, divide this amount by the taxable amount of the payment. Round up to the next whole number and enter that rate on line 2. (See Example 2 below.)

If you prefer a simpler approach (but one that may lead to overwithholding), find the rate that corresponds to your total income including the payment and enter that rate on line 2.

Examples. Assume the following facts for Examples 1 and 2. Your filing status is single. You expect the taxable amount of your payment to be \$20,000. Appropriate amounts have been withheld for all other sources of income and any deductions or credits.

Example 1. You expect your total income to be \$60,000 without the payment. Step 1: Because your total income without the payment, \$60,000, is greater than \$58,575 but less than \$109,225, the corresponding rate is 22%. Step 2: Because your total income with the payment, \$80,000, is greater than \$58,575 but less than \$109,225, the corresponding rate is 22%. Because these two rates are the same, enter "22" on line 2.

Example 2. You expect your total income to be \$42,500 without the payment. Step 1: Because your total income without the payment, \$42,500, is greater than is greater than \$24,850 but less than \$58,575, the corresponding rate is 12%. Step 2: Because your total income with the payment, \$62,500, is greater than \$58,575 but less than \$109,225, the corresponding rate is 22%. The two rates differ. \$16,075 of the \$20,000 payment is in the lower bracket (\$58,575 less your total income of \$42,500 without the payment), and \$3,925 is in the higher bracket (\$20,000 less the \$16,075 that is in the lower bracket). Multiply \$16,075 by 12% to get \$1,929. Multiply \$3,925 by 22% to get \$863.50. The sum of these two amounts is \$2,792.50. This is the estimated tax on your payment. This amount corresponds to 14% of the \$20,000 payment (\$2,792.50 divided by \$20,000). Enter "14" on line 2.